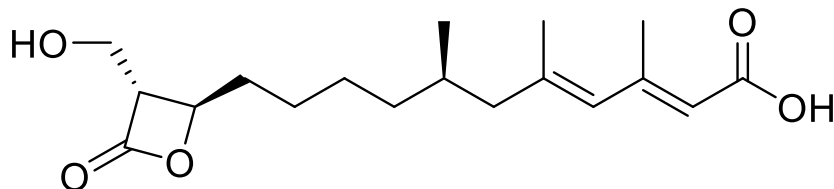


Hymeglusin

Code No.: **BIA-H2845**

Pack sizes: **1 mg, 5 mg**



Synonyms : (+)-F-(244), Antibiotic 1233A, Antibiotic F 244, F 244, L 659699

Specifications

CAS #	: 29066-42-0
Molecular Formula	: C ₁₈ H ₂₈ O ₅
Molecular Weight	: 324.4
Source	: <i>Fusarium</i> sp.
Appearance	: Off-white solid with pink tinge
Purity	: >95% by HPLC
Long Term Storage	: -20°C
Solubility	: Soluble in methanol and DMSO.

Application Notes

Hymeglusin is a β -lactone first isolated from a fungus tentatively assigned as *Cephalosporium* sp. by Turner and co-workers at ICI, United Kingdom in 1970. Subsequently the metabolite was identified as a potent antifungal named Antibiotics L-659699 and F 244 isolated independently from strains of *Fusarium* and *Scopulariopsis*. Hymeglusin potently and specifically inhibits eukaryotic 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA (HMG-CoA) synthase. Hymeglusin blocks growth of *Enterococcus faecalis* and circumvents β -lactam resistance in methicillin-resistant *S. aureus*.

References

1. Aldridge D.C. et al. (1970). Antibiotic 1233A: a fungal β -lactone. *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.*, 11, 639.
2. Tomoda H. et al. (2004). Binding site for fungal β -lactone hymeglusin on cytosolic 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A synthase. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta*, 1636, 22.
3. Skaff D.A. et al. (2012). Biochemical and structural basis for inhibition of *Enterococcus faecalis* hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase, *mvaS*, by hymeglusin. *Biochem.*, 51, 471.
4. Kanaida M. et al. (2021). Total syntheses and chemical biology studies of hymeglusin and fusarilactone A, novel circumventors of β -lactam resistance in methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*. *Chem. Med. Chem.*, 16, 2106.

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