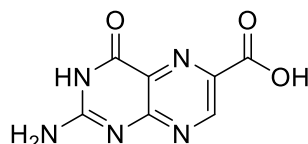


## Pterine-6-carboxylic acid

Code No.: **BIA-P2525**

Pack sizes: **1 mg, 5 mg**



Synonyms : 2-Amino-4-hydroxypterin-6-carboxylic acid, 2-Amino-6-carboxy-4-hydroxypteridine, 6-Carboxypterin, NSC 96893, Pterin-6-carboxylic acid

### Specifications

CAS # : **948-60-7**  
Molecular Formula : **C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>**  
Molecular Weight : **207.15**  
Source : **Synthetic**  
Appearance : **White solid**  
Purity : **>95% by HPLC**  
Long Term Storage : **-20°C**  
Solubility : **Soluble in methanol or DMSO**

### Application Notes

Pterine-6-carboxylic acid is a fluorescent endogenous metabolite from various sources including human blood, sheep pineal glands, various amphibians, fish and soybeans. Pterine-6-carboxylic acid is a biomarker for tetrahydrobiopterin deficiency and for various tumors. Pterine-6-carboxylic acid is a photodegradation product of folate and augments ROS production and phototoxicity of UVA towards human cell lines (epidermal carcinoma A431, primary melanoma WM115 and keratinocyte HaCaT).

### References

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3. Metabolic profiling of pteridines for determination of potential biomarkers in cancer diseases. Koslinski P. et al. Electrophoresis 2011, 32, 2044.
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5. Photodegradation of folate sensitized by riboflavin. Scurachio R.S. et al. Photochem Photobiol. 2011, 87, 840.
6. Folic acid and its photoproducts, 6-formylpterin and pterin-6-carboxylic acid, as generators of reactive oxygen species in skin cells during UVA exposure. Juzeniene A. et al. J Photochem Photobiol. B 2016, 155, 116.